



**National Institute of Rural Development and Panchayati Raj,  
Rajendranagar, Hyderabad - 500030**

**Centre for Panchayati Raj, Decentralized Planning and Social Service  
Delivery (CPRDPSSD)**

**National level Training on**

**“Localisation of Sustainable Development Goals (LSDGs) Focused GPDP”**

**24-28 July 2023**

**☞ BACKGROUND**

The Sustainable Development goals (SDGs) are successors to the ‘Millennium Development Goals MDGs’. The MDGs were adopted in 2000 by governments to make global progress on poverty, education, health, hunger and the environment. The MDGs expired at the end of 2015. Having completed the deadline for MDGs, the world has moved to the Sustainable Development Goals. SDGs are a universal set of goals, targets and indicators that 193 countries in the world including India have jointly set under the leadership of the United Nations in September 2015, adopted a global development vision called Transforming our World: The 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. The countries are expected to frame their agendas and policies over the next 15 years to end poverty, protect the planet, enjoy peace, and ensure prosperity for all. The SDGs build on the success of the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs) and complete what they did not achieve. India has moved ahead on implementation of the SDGs and initiated preparation of the Vision Document 2030 with NITI Aayog in the lead. Based on the guidance from NITI Aayog, State governments have begun the process of SDGs implementation. In addition to the State level, there is a critical need to take SDGs to the local level. Here lies the importance of local governments, especially the Gram Panchayats.

The list of 17 SDGs adopted by the United Nations is:

1. Poverty - End poverty in all its forms everywhere.
2. Food - End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture.
3. Health - Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages.
4. Education - Ensure inclusive quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all.
5. Women - Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls.
6. Water - Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all.
7. Energy - Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all.
8. Economy - Promote inclusive and sustainable economic growth, productive Employment and decent work for all.
9. Infrastructure - Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation.
10. Inequality - Reduce inequality within and among countries.
11. Habitation - Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable.
12. Consumption - Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns.
13. Climate - Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts.
14. Marine systems - Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development.
15. Ecosystems - Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss.
16. Institutions - Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels.
17. Sustainability - Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the global partnership for sustainable development.

## **Gram Panchayats and SDGs**

The twin objectives of the Panchayati Raj system as envisaged by the Constitution of India are to ensure local economic development and social justice. The Eleventh schedule of the Constitution expects the Panchayats to play key roles in various thematic domains enlisted as 29 functions, though the specific mandates and capacities of these local governments vary from State to State. Many of the SDG targets are within the purview of these functions listed in the Eleventh Schedule. The Gram Panchayat Development Plans (GPDP) initiated after the historical recommendation of the Fourteenth Finance Commission paves the way for the Panchayats to link planning with the SDGs. For localisation of SDGs, the Ministry of Panchayati Raj (MoPR) has prepared a 'Draft Vision Document for Achieving SDGs'. It has mapped roles of Panchayats in terms of SDGs and centrally sponsored schemes (CSS). Further, MoPR has developed a specific approach pooling all 17 goals in to nine themes and each GP is advised to select minimum one theme to maximum three themes and resources need to allocated to achieve targets of selected themes. Now, the GPs need to prepare GPDP mainly focused on the selected themes. *The key thematic areas for LSDG through Gram Panchayats are as follows:*

*Theme 1 Poverty free and enhanced livelihoods in Village, Theme 2 Healthy Village, Theme 3 Child Friendly Village, Theme 4 Water sufficient village, Theme 5 Clean and Green Village, Theme 6 Self-sufficient infrastructure in village, Theme 7 Socially secured and Socially Just villages, Theme 8 Village with Good Governance and Theme 9 Women Friendly village*

Local governments have a crucial role to play in achieving the SDGs. While the goals are universal, the implications and intervention possibilities are local. Gram panchayats (GPs) across the country are preparing gram panchayat development plans (GPDP), presenting an opportunity for the GPs to synchronize their plans with SDGs. The challenge related to Panchayats is to capacitate them for planning, fund absorption and improving service delivery towards achieving sustainable development goals.

### **OBJECTIVES OF THE TRAINING**

- To sensitise the participants on the sustainable development goals and its importance.
- To discuss and workout appropriate strategies to achieve SDGs at the grassroot level.
- To impart skills on the PRA techniques to analyse the problems, understand the resource potential of the GPs.
- To discuss strategies for mobilization of people for gram sabha and taking appropriate plan of action towards achieving SDGs.
- To discuss the role of panchayats in adapting SDGs with GPDPs.
- To discuss convergence of schemes for optimum utilization of available resources for poverty reduction.

### **PARTICIPANTS**

The programme is designed for Faculty members of **SIRDS, ETCs, Elected representatives of PRIs, Executives of the ZPs, Research Scholars and Faculty Members of any university, NGO Representatives and Master Resource Persons and planning committee members.**

### **COURSE CONTENTS**

- Sustainable Development Goals and Nine themes of LSDG
- SDGs way forward.
- Strategies for Sustainable Development

- **Participatory approaches for poverty eradication** - Participatory poverty assessment, Participatory priority/need assessment and problem analysis, Sustainable livelihoods assessment, Participatory empowerment assessment, Participatory assessment of social capital.
- **Strategies and methods for mobilization of different stakeholders** from all sections of the people for Gram Sabha for detailed discussion and decision making.
- **Institutions building for participatory Development** - Village water and sanitation committee., Liquor prohibition committee, Street light committee, Local committee to sort out problems' Nutrition committee, Health committee, Siksha committee, Youth affairs committee, Forest and environment committee, Natural resource management committee, Electricity committee, Land and water resource committee, Child and women development committee, Vigilance committee, Social audit committee, Women Empowerment Committee, etc.
- **Incorporation of SDGs in preparation of GPDP**
- **Preparation of LSDG focused GPDP**

### TRAINING METHOD

The training contents will be delivered through participatory learning process. The sessions will be dynamic and include introductory presentations, interactive sessions, lectures, documentary presentations, group work and discussions, brainstorming, field work and practical exercises.

**DURATION – 24-28 July, 2023**

**VENUE** - NIRD & PR, Hyderabad

**COURSE TEAM** - Dr R. Chinnadurai, Associate Professor (CPRDPSSD) & team

**Last date for Registration -10<sup>th</sup> July 2023. The Confirmation will sent to the register mail id by 12th July 2023.**

📄 For Online registration - <https://forms.gle/YtY7Zza1AnB2LVS97>

